Your consent to your sperm and embryos being
used in treatment and/or stored (IVF and ICSI)

About this form
This form is produced by the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Authority (HFEA), the UK’s independent regulator of fertility treatment and human embryo research. For more information about us, visit www.hfea.gov.uk.

Who should fill in this form?
Fill in this form if your partner is having fertility treatment using embryos created outside the body (in vitro) with your sperm. This may be in vitro fertilisation (IVF) or intra-cytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI).

What do I need to know before filling in this form?
Before you fill in this form, you should be certain that your clinic has given you all the relevant information you need to make fully informed decisions. This includes:
- information about:
  - the different options set out in this form
  - the implications of giving your consent
  - the consequences of withdrawing this consent, and
  - how you can make changes to, or withdraw, your consent.
- an opportunity to have counselling.

If you are unsure, or think that you have not been given all of this information, please speak to your clinic. There is a declaration at the end of this form which you must sign to confirm you have received this information. If you do not receive this information before filling in this form, your consent may be invalid.

If you are unable to complete this form because of physical illness, injury or disability you may direct someone else to complete and sign it for you. However, if you are consenting to being registered as the legal parent of any child born as a result of treatment after your death (see section 6.5), you must sign the form yourself.

Why do I have to fill in this form?
By law (the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 1990 (as amended)), you need to give your written consent if you want your sperm, and embryos created using your sperm, to be used or stored (eg, for IVF or ICSI treatment). If you are storing your sperm or embryos, you must also state in writing how long you consent to them remaining in storage.

You are also legally required to record what you would like to happen to your sperm and embryos if you were to die or lose the ability to decide for yourself (become mentally incapacitated). While this is perhaps not something you have considered, your clinic needs to know this so that they only allow your sperm and embryos to be used according to your wishes. If you are unsure of anything in relation to this, please ask your clinic.

Why are there questions about using my sperm and embryos for training purposes?
You may have some sperm and embryos left after treatment which you do not wish to use (eg, because you do not want future treatment or the sperm and embryos are not viable for treatment). On this form, you can consent to donate these for training purposes to allow healthcare professionals to learn about, and practice, the techniques involved in fertility treatment.

What if I want to donate my sperm and/or embryos?
Unused sperm and embryos can also be donated for research purposes, helping to increase knowledge about diseases and serious illnesses and potentially develop new treatments. Your clinic can give you more information about this and provide you with the relevant consent form(s).

You could also think about donating viable unused sperm and embryos to another person for use in their treatment. Before doing this, there are lots of issues to consider. For more information, see www.hfea.gov.uk/egg-and-sperm-donors.html. If you decide to donate, you will need to complete a separate form: ‘Your consent to donating your sperm’ (MD form).

When filling in this form, make sure you sign the declaration on every page to confirm that you have read the page and fully agree with the consent and information given. When you have completed the form you may request a copy of it from your clinic.

For clinic use only (optional)

HFEA centre reference

Date embryos were placed in storage

Other relevant forms

Date embryos can remain in storage until
1 About you

1.1 Your first name(s)

1.2 Your surname

1.3 Your date of birth

1.4 Your NHS/CHI/HCN/passport number (please circle)

2 About your partner

2.1 Your partner’s first name(s)

2.2 Your partner’s surname

2.3 Your partner’s date of birth

2.4 Your partner’s NHS/CHI/HCN/passport number (please circle)

3 Your treatment

3.1 Do you consent to your sperm being used to create embryos outside the body for your partner’s treatment (eg, through IVF treatment)?

In order to create embryos for your partner’s treatment you must provide your consent by ticking the yes box below. Please note that the egg provider also has to give consent for embryos to be created.

Yes

No

4 Storing embryos

4.1 Do you consent to the embryos (created outside the body with your sperm) being stored?

Please note that embryos can only be stored if the egg provider has also given consent.

Yes ➤ after signing the page declaration below, continue on the next page.

No ➤ now sign the page declarations on this page and the next page then go straight to section five.

Page declaration

Your signature

Date

adx

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Continues on the next page

For clinic use only (optional) Patient number

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Version 1, 3 April 2017
Storing embryos continued

Embryo storage periods

You may wish to store any embryos left after treatment so they can be used in future treatment. To be stored, embryos are frozen or 'vitrified'. When considering how long to store for, you may want to think about how far in the future you might want/be able to use your stored embryos and the costs of storing – ask your clinic if you are unsure. The law permits you to store for any period up to 10 years but in cases where you or your partner are prematurely infertile, or likely to become prematurely infertile, you may store for longer, up to 55 years.

Please note that any arrangements you need to make regarding the practicalities of storage with your clinic or funding body are separate from this consent. For example, your clinic may only continue to store your embryos for the period you have specified in this form if you, or your funding provider, continue to pay the storage fees.

4.2 Have you, or your partner, been diagnosed as prematurely infertile or likely to become prematurely infertile?

Causes of premature infertility can include chemotherapy treatment, early menopause and certain treatments for gender dysphoria. Please speak to your clinic if you are unsure. If your circumstances change and either you or your partner become prematurely infertile, or are likely to become prematurely infertile, you and your partner can change your consent to store your embryos for up to 55 years.

☐ No  go to 4.3.
☐ Yes  go straight to 4.4.

4.3 For how long do you consent to store your embryos?

You can consent to store your embryos for up to 10 years. Please note that the egg provider also has to give consent to storage.

☐ For 10 years
☐ For a specific period (up to a maximum of 10 years) specify the number of years: ___ years

The consent period will start from the date of storage. Remember you can always change the time period you consent to by completing this form again and specifying the new total time period you would like your embryos to be stored for. For example, if you consented to five years’ storage on the original form and wish to consent for a further five years (10 years in total), you should complete another copy of this form but tick the box for 10 years. This second form would supersede the first form you completed. Now sign the page declaration below and go straight to section five.

4.4 Premature infertility

If you or your partner are prematurely infertile, or likely to become prematurely infertile, you can consent to store your embryos for up to 55 years. Although you can consent up to a maximum of 55 years on this form, after the first 10 years your medical practitioner will need to certify in writing that the medical criteria for premature infertility have been met for storage to continue for more than 10 years. When the criteria have been met, the storage period will be extended by 10 years from the date the criteria are met.
For clinic use only (optional)

Patient number

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6.1 Do you consent to your sperm being used to create embryos outside the body for your partner’s treatment?

If you die

☐ Yes ☐ No

If you become mentally incapacitated

☐ Yes ☐ No

6.2 Do you consent to embryos (already created outside the body with your sperm) being used for your partner’s treatment?

If you die

☐ Yes ☐ No

If you become mentally incapacitated

☐ Yes ☐ No

Continues on the next page
6 In the event of your death or mental incapacity

6.3 Do you consent to your sperm being used for training purposes?
If you die If you become mentally incapacitated

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No

6.4 Do you consent to embryos (already created outside the body with your sperm) being used for training purposes?
Please note that embryos can only be used if the egg provider has also given consent.
If you die If you become mentally incapacitated

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No

Other uses for your sperm or embryos

If you wish your sperm or embryos to be used in someone else’s treatment if you die or become mentally incapacitated, please speak to your clinic for more information. Depending on your circumstances, you will need to complete one of the following:

• ‘Your consent to donating your sperm’ (MD form)
• ‘Your consent to donating embryos’ (ED form), or
• ‘Your consent to the use and storage of sperm or embryos for surrogacy’ (MSG form).

Consent to birth registration

Complete this part of section six if you consented to your sperm, or embryos created outside the body with your sperm, being used in your partner’s treatment after your death.

If you have given your consent to your sperm or embryos (to be created outside the body with your sperm) being used after your death, you may also wish to consent to being registered as the legal parent of any child that is born as a result of your partner’s treatment.

6.5 Do you consent to being registered as the legal parent of any child born as a result of your partner’s treatment after your death?

By ticking yes, you consent to the following:

• I consent to my name, place of birth and occupation being entered on the register of births as the legal parent of any child born from my partner’s treatment.
  This register is kept under the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953, or the Births and Deaths Registration (Northern Ireland) Order 1976, or the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages (Scotland) Act 1965.
• I also consent to information about my or my partner’s treatment being disclosed to my partner and one of the following registrars:
  – the Registrar General for England and Wales
  – the Registrar General for Scotland
  – the Registrar for Northern Ireland.

Please note that being recorded in the register of births as the legal parent of a child born from your partner’s treatment does not transfer any inheritance or other legal rights to the child.

☐ Yes ☐ No
Please sign and date the declaration

Your declaration

• I declare that I am the person named in section one of this form.

• I declare that:
  – before I completed this form, I was given information about the different options set out in this form, and I was given an opportunity to have counselling
  – the implications of giving my consent, and the consequences of withdrawing this consent, have been fully explained to me, and
  – I understand that I can make changes to, or withdraw, my consent at any point until the time of embryo transfer, use of sperm or embryos in training, or the sperm or embryos have been allowed to perish.

• I declare that the information I have given on this form is correct and complete.

• I understand that information on this form may be processed and shared for the purposes of, and in connection with, the conduct of licensable activities under the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 1990 (as amended) in accordance with the provisions of that act.

Your signature                      Date

If signing at the direction of the person consenting

If you have completed this form at the direction of the person consenting (because they are unable to sign for themselves due to physical illness, injury or disability), you must sign and date below. There must also be a witness confirming that the person consenting is present when you sign the form. However, if the person consenting consented to being registered as the legal parent after death (that is if they ticked yes to question 6.5), they must sign the form for themselves.

Representative’s declaration

I declare that the person named in section one of this form is present at the time of signing this form and I am signing it in accordance with their direction.

Representative’s name
Representative’s signature

Relationship to the person consenting

Witness’s name
Witness’s signature

Date

For clinic use only (optional)