Executive Licensing Panel - minutes

Centre 0006 (The Lister Fertility Clinic)

Renewal Inspection Report

Friday, 15 December 2017

HFEA, 10 Spring Gardens, London SW1A 2BU

Panel members	Juliet Tizzard (Chair) Caylin Joski-Jethi Howard Ryan	Director of Strategy & Corporate Affairs Head of Intelligence Data Analyst
Members of the Executive	Bernice Ash	Secretary
External adviser		
Observers		

Declarations of interest

- Members of the panel declared that they had no conflicts of interest in relation to this item.

The panel had before it:

- 8th edition of the HFEA Code of Practice
- Standard licensing and approvals pack for committee members.

1. Consideration of application

1.1. The panel considered the papers, which included a completed application form, inspection report and licensing minutes for the last three years.

1.2. The panel noted that The Lister Fertility Clinic has held a treatment (including embryo testing) and storage licence with the HFEA since 1992. The centre provides a full range of fertility services.

1.3. The panel noted that, in the 12 months to 31 July 2017, the centre provided 2943 cycles of treatment (excluding partner intrauterine insemination). In relation to activity, this is a large centre.

1.4. The panel noted that HFEA held register data, for the year ending April 2017, showed the centre's multiple pregnancy rate for all IVF, ICSI and FET cycles for all age groups was 11%. This represents performance that is not likely to be statistically different from the 10% multiple live birth rate target.

1.5. An inspection was carried out at the centre on 10 and 11 October 2017.

1.6. The panel noted that at the time of the inspection, there was one 'other' area of non-compliance concerning disclosure of information. Since the inspection the Person Responsible (PR) had fully implemented the recommendation regarding this non-compliance.

1.7. The panel noted there are no critical or major non-compliances. The success rates for IVF treatments in patients aged less than 38 years and FET treatments in patients aged less than 40 years are above the national averages. The centre's multiple clinical pregnancy rate meets the 10% target.

1.8. The panel noted the inspectorate recommends the renewal of the centre's treatment (including embryo testing) and storage licence, for a period of four years, without additional conditions. The inspectorate commended the centre on its focus on providing safe and effective patient care.

2. Decision

2.1. The panel had regard to its decision tree. It was satisfied that the appropriate applications and fee had been submitted and that the application contained the supporting information required by General Directions 0008.

2.2. The panel noted that the premises to be licensed are suitable for the conduct of the licensed activities.

2.3. The panel were really pleased to see the centre's minimal non-compliances, commending them on their excellent outcomes, including a low multiple birth rate.

2.4. The panel endorsed the inspectorate's recommendation to renew the centre's treatment (including embryo testing) and storage licence, for a period of four years, without additional conditions.

3. Chair's signature

3.1. I confirm this is a true and accurate record of the meeting.

Signature

Name

Juliet Tizzard

Date

20 December 2017

Inspection Report

Purpose of the Inspection Report

This is a report of an inspection, carried out to assess whether this centre complies with essential requirements in providing safe and high-quality care to patients and donors. The inspection was scheduled and the report provides information on the centre's application for a renewal of its existing licence. Licences are usually granted for a period of four years. The Authority's Executive Licensing Panel (ELP) uses the application and this report to decide whether to grant a new licence and, if so, whether any additional conditions should be applied to the licence.

Date of inspection: 10 and 11 October 2017

Purpose of inspection: Renewal of a licence to carry out treatment (including embryo testing) and storage.

Inspection details: The report covers the performance of the centre since the last inspection, findings from the inspection visit and communications received from the centre.

Inspectors: Grace Lyndon (lead), Sara Parlett, Shanaz Pasha, Sumrah Chohan and Chris Hall.

Date of Executive Licensing Panel: 15 December 2017

Centre name	The Lister Fertility Clinic
Centre number	0006
Licence number	L/0006/15/a
Centre address	The Lister Hospital, Chelsea Bridge Road, London, SW1W 8RH, United Kingdom
Person Responsible	Mr Hossam Ibrahim Abdalla
Licence Holder	Mrs Safira Batha
Date licence issued	1 March 2014
Licence expiry date	28 February 2018
Additional conditions applied to this licence	None

Contents

Section 1: Summary report

Brief description of the centre and its licensing history:

The Lister Fertility Clinic has held a licence with the HFEA since 1992, providing a full range of fertility services.

The centre provided 2943 cycles of treatment (excluding partner intrauterine insemination) in the 12 months to 31 July 2017. In relation to activity levels this is a large centre.

Other licensed activities at the centre include storage of gametes and embryos and embryo testing.

The centre's current licence has not been varied.

Pregnancy outcomes[1]

HFEA held register data for the year ending 31 April 2017 show the centre's success rates in terms of clinical pregnancy rates are above the national averages for IVF cycles in patients aged less than 38 years and FET cycles in patients aged under 40 years.

In 2016, the centre reported 286 cycles of partner insemination with 24 pregnancies. This represents a clinical pregnancy rate of eight percent, which is in line with the national average.

Multiple births[2]

The single biggest risk of fertility treatment is a multiple pregnancy.

For the year ending April 2017 the centre's multiple pregnancy rate for all IVF, ICSI and FET cycles for all age groups was 11%: this represents performance that is not likely to be statistically different from the 10% multiple live birth rate.

[1]The data in the Register may be subject to change as errors are notified to us by clinics, or picked up through our quality management systems. Centre success rates are considered statistically different from the national averages, and multiple pregnancy rates are considered statistically different from the 10% multiple live birth rate target, when $p \leq 0.002$.

[2]The HFEA use a conversion factor of 1.27 to convert the 10% multiple live birth rate (MLBR) target to a multiple pregnancy rate (MPR) target of 13%.

Summary for licensing decision

Taking into account the essential requirements set out in the Human Fertilisation and Embryology (HF&E) Act 1990 (as amended), the HF&E Act 2008, Statutory Licence Conditions (SLC) and the HFEA Code of Practice (CoP), the inspection team considers that it has sufficient information to conclude that:

- the application has been submitted in the form required;
- the application has designated an individual to act as the Person Responsible (PR);
- the PR's qualifications and experience comply with section 16 (2) (c) of the HF&E Act 1990 (as amended);
- the PR has discharged his duty under section 17 of the HF&E Act 1990 (as amended);
- the premises (including those of relevant third parties) are suitable;
- the centre's practices are suitable;
- the application contains the supporting information required by General Direction 0008, in application for renewal of their licence;
- the centre has submitted an application fee to the HFEA in accordance with requirements.

The ELP is asked to note that at the time of the inspection there was one area of practice that required improvement. However, since the inspection visit, the following recommendation has been fully implemented:

'Other' areas of non compliance:

- The PR should ensure that the disclosure consent information supplied to the Authority accurately reflects that given and recorded on disclosure consent forms.

Recommendation to the Executive Licensing Panel

The inspection team notes there are no critical or major non compliances and the success rates for IVF treatments in patients aged less than 38 years and FET treatments in patients aged less than 40 years, are above the national averages. The centre's multiple clinical pregnancy rate also meets the 10% target.

The centre is to be commended on this achievement and its focus on providing safe and effective patient care.

The inspection team recommends the renewal of the centre's treatment (including embryo testing) and storage licence for a period of four years without additional conditions.

Section 2: Inspection findings

This section details what the centre does well and which areas need to be improved to meet essential requirements. We break this down in to four areas covering all the activities of a licensed centre:

1. The protection of the patient, and children born following treatment at this centre
2. The experience of patients at this centre
3. The protection of gametes (sperm and eggs) and embryos at this centre
4. How this centre looks after important information

1. Protection of the patient and children born following treatment

Witnessing and assuring patient and donor identification

What the centre does well

Witnessing (Guidance note 18)
The centre's procedures for double checking the identification of gametes and embryos and the patient or donor to whom they relate are compliant with HFEA requirements. This ensures that patients receive treatment using the correct gametes or embryos.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Donor selection criteria and laboratory tests

Screening of donors prior to procuring, processing gametes and embryos
Payments for donors
Donor assisted conception

What the centre does well

Screening of donors (Guidance note 11)
The centre's procedures for screening donors are compliant with HFEA requirements. It is important that donors are appropriately screened to minimise the risks of cross infection during treatment, processing and storage of gametes and/or embryos.

Payments for donors (Guidance note 13; General Direction 0001)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements for giving and receiving money or other benefits in respect to any supply of gametes or embryos. It is important that the principle of altruistic donation be upheld but at the same time donors receive appropriate compensation for their time and any inconvenience caused.

Donor assisted conception (Guidance note 20)
It is important that centres use donated gametes or embryos from identifiable donors and keep records of donor characteristics. This is because patients using donated gametes and embryos in treatment and the parents of donor-conceived children, are able to

access non-identifying information regarding the donor from the clinic. Furthermore, donor-conceived persons are entitled to know non-identifying details about their donor and any donor-conceived genetic siblings they may have at the age of 16 years, and donor identifying information at 18 years.

The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements which ensure the donor-conceived and their parents will be able to receive all required donor-related information.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Suitable premises and suitable practices

Safety and suitability of premises and facilities
Laboratory accreditation
Infection control
Medicines management
Pre-operative assessment and the surgical pathway
Multiple births
Procuring gametes and embryos
Transport and distribution of gametes and embryos
Receipt of gametes and embryos
Imports and exports
Traceability
Quality management system
Third party agreements
Transports and satellite agreements
Equipment and materials
Process validation
Adverse incidents

What the centre does well

Safety and suitability of premises and facilities (Guidance note 25)
The centre's premises are suitable. This is important to ensure that all licensed activities are conducted in a suitable environment that is fit for purpose.

The centre has procedures in place that are compliant with requirements to ensure that risks are taken into account so that patients and staff are in safe surroundings that prevent harm.

The premises of the centre's satellite/transport facilities and laboratories conducting tests that impact on the quality and safety of gametes and/or embryos (relevant third parties) are suitable.

The centre is compliant with HFEA requirements to process gametes and/or embryos in an environment of appropriate air quality.

Laboratory accreditation (Guidance note 25)
The centre's laboratories and/or third-party laboratories which undertake the diagnosis and investigation of patients, patients' partners or donors, or their gametes, embryos or

any material removed from them, are compliant with HFEA requirements to be accredited by CPA (UK) Ltd or another body accrediting to an equivalent standard. This is important to assure the quality of the services provided.

Infection control (Guidance Note 25)
The centre has systems in place to manage and monitor the prevention and control of infection that are compliant with guidance.

Medicines management (Guidance Note 25)
The centre has arrangements in place for obtaining, recording, handling, using, keeping, dispensing, administering and disposing of medicines that are compliant with guidance.

Prescription of intralipid 'off label'
Intralipid is a sterile liquid soybean and egg yolk based fat emulsion which is licensed as an intravenous nutritional supplement for adults and children. Some healthcare professionals consider intralipid therapy may be beneficial to a particular subset of women having IVF. Intralipid is not however licensed for use in fertility treatment and if prescribed in this context, it represents 'off-label' use. Healthcare professionals' responsibilities when prescribing a medicine off-label may be greater than when prescribing a medicine for use within the terms of its licence.

In April 2015, the President of the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists, published concerns regarding the evidence base for the use of intralipid in IVF treatment, in terms of its safety and efficacy. In July 2015, the HFEA published guidance to centres regarding the prescribing of intralipid (or other 'off label' therapies) to patients. This guidance required centres to take responsibility for prescribing the medicine and for overseeing the patient's care by:

- reviewing and recording the information provided to patients about intralipid therapy to ensure that the reasons for prescribing it 'off-label' are explained, including that there is currently little evidence to support its use in fertility treatment;
- recording the reasons for prescribing intralipid in the patient's records and;
- ensuring that patients who are prescribed intralipid are properly monitored and followed up.

The process for administering and monitoring patients during intralipid infusion was reviewed and considered to be suitable.

Written information provided to patients offered intralipid therapy is compliant with guidance.

We noted that the process for clearly recording the reasons for prescribing intralipid in the patient notes was just being introduced, despite the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists concerns being published in 2015. The HFEA expects such guidance to be implemented in a timely fashion.

Pre-operative assessment and the surgical pathway (Guidance Note 25)
The centre has policies and procedures in place that are compliant with professional body guidelines for pre-operative assessment and management of the surgical pathway. This is important to ensure that all patients are safely assessed and cared for pre, peri and post operatively.

Multiple births (Guidance note 7; General Direction 0003)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA multiple births minimisation strategy requirements for keeping a summary log of cases in which multiple embryos have been transferred and conducting regular audits and evaluations of the progress and effectiveness of the strategy. The single biggest risk of fertility treatment is a multiple pregnancy.

Procurement of gametes and embryos (Guidance note 15)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements to:

- document the justification for the use of the patient's gametes (or embryos created with their gametes) in treatment, based on the patient's medical history and therapeutic indications;
- where the sperm is procured at home, the centre keeps a record of this in the gamete provider's records.

Transport and distribution of gametes and embryos (Guidance note 15; General Direction 0009)
The centre's procedures for the transport, distribution and recall of gametes and embryos are compliant with HFEA requirements. This is important to ensure that all gametes / embryos sent to other licensed centres within or outside the UK are:

- packaged and transported in a manner that minimises the risk of contamination and preserves the characteristics and biological functions of the gametes or embryos;
- shipped in a container that is designed for the transport of biological materials and that maintains the safety and quality of the gametes or embryos;
- appropriately labelled with the transport conditions, including temperature and time limit being specified;
- the container/package is secure and ensures that the gametes or embryos are maintained in the specified conditions. All containers and packages are validated as fit for purpose.

Receipt of gametes and embryos (Guidance note15)
The centre's procedures for the receipt of gametes and embryos are compliant with HFEA requirements. This is important to ensure that the centre only accepts gametes and embryos from other centres if they are appropriately labelled and are accompanied by enough information to permit them to be stored or used in treatment in a way that does not compromise their quality and safety.

Imports and exports (Guidance note 16; General Direction 0006)
The centre's procedures for import and export of gametes and embryos are compliant with HFEA requirements.

Traceability (Guidance note 19)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA traceability requirements. These requirements are important to ensure that the centre has the ability -

- to identify and locate gametes and embryos during any step from procurement to use for human application or disposal;
- to identify the donor and recipient of particular gametes or embryos;
- to identify any person who has carried out any activity in relation to particular gametes or embryos; and
- to identify and locate all relevant data relating to products and materials coming into contact with particular gametes or embryos and which can affect their quality

or safety.

Quality management system (QMS) (Guidance note 23)
The centre has a QMS that is compliant with HFEA requirements. The establishment and use of a QMS is important to ensure continuous improvement in the quality of treatments and services.

Third party agreements (Guidance note 24)
The centre's third party agreements are compliant with HFEA requirements.

Transport and satellite agreements (Guidance note 24; General Direction 0010)
The centre has systems in place to manage transport and satellite activities that are compliant with HFEA requirements. This is important to ensure that activities performed by transport and satellite clinics on behalf of the licensed centre are suitable and meet the HFEA requirements.

Equipment and materials (Guidance note 26)
The centre uses equipment and materials that are compliant with HFEA requirements. All of the equipment and materials used in licensed activity are designated for the purpose and are appropriately maintained in order to minimise any hazard to patients and/or staff.

The centre is compliant with HFEA requirements to validate critical equipment. The centre has documented procedures for the operation of critical equipment and procedures to follow if equipment malfunctions.

Process validation (Guidance note 15)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements to validate critical processes. This ensures that these processes are effective and do not render the gametes or embryos clinically ineffective or harmful to the recipient.

Adverse incidents (Guidance note 27)
The centre's procedures for reporting adverse incidents are compliant with HFEA requirements. The centre reports all (including serious adverse events and reactions) to the HFEA. The centre investigates all adverse incidents that have occurred. Reporting and investigation of adverse incidents is important to ensure that centres share the lessons learned from incidents and continuously improve the services it offers.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Staff engaged in licensed activity
Person Responsible (PR)
Staff

What the centre does well

Person Responsible (Guidance note 1)
The PR has complied with HFEA requirements.

The PR has academic qualifications in the field of medicine and has more than two years

of practical experience which is directly relevant to the activity to be authorised by the licence. The PR has successfully completed the HFEA PR Entry Programme.

Staff (Guidance note 2)
The centre is compliant with HFEA requirements to have suitably qualified and competent staff, in sufficient number, to carry out the licensed activities and associated services. The centre has an organisational chart which clearly defines accountability and reporting relationships.

The centre has access to a nominated registered medical practitioner and scientist, within the UK, to advise on and oversee medical and scientific activities respectively.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Welfare of the child and safeguarding

What the centre does well

Welfare of the child (Guidance note 8)
The centre's procedures to ensure that the centre takes into account before licensed treatment is provided, the welfare of any child who may be born as a result of that treatment and of any other child who may be affected by that birth, are compliant with HFEA requirements.

Safeguarding (Guidance Note 25)
The centre's procedures are compliant with safeguarding guidance. This ensures that the centre's patients and staff are protected from harm where possible.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Embryo testing

Preimplantation genetic screening
Embryo testing and sex selection

What the centre does well

Preimplantation genetic screening (Guidance note 9); Embryo testing and sex selection (Guidance note 10)
The centre's procedures for performing embryo testing are compliant with HFEA requirements. This ensures that:

- no embryo is transferred to a woman where that embryo or material removed from it, or the gametes that produced it, has been subject to genetic testing unless expressly authorised by the HFEA
- no information derived from tests conducted has been used to select embryos of a particular sex for social reasons
- no embryo is tested unless the statutory tests are met i.e. that the embryos is at a

significant risk of having a series genetic condition.

The centre ensures that people seeking embryo testing are given written information, are given every opportunity to discuss the implications of their treatment and have access to clinical geneticists, genetic counsellors and infertility counsellors where required.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

2. The experience of patients

Patient feedback

What the centre does well

During the inspection visit an inspector spoke to one patient who provided feedback on their experiences. The centre's most recent patient survey responses were reviewed. A total of 76 questionnaires were received, with 100% of patients rating the quality of care as excellent, very good or good and 100% commenting they would recommend the centre for fertility treatment.

On the basis of this feedback and observations made in the course of the inspection it was possible to assess that the centre:

- has respect for the privacy and confidentiality of patients in the clinic;
- gives patients sufficient, accessible and up-to-date information to enable them to make informed decisions;
- provides patients with satisfactory facilities for their care.

What the centre could do better

Nothing identified at this inspection.

Treating patients fairly

Counselling
Egg [and sperm] sharing arrangements
Surrogacy
Complaints
Confidentiality and privacy

What the centre does well

Treating patients fairly (Guidance note 29)

The centre's procedures are compliant with the HF&E Act 1990 (as amended) to ensure that staff members understand the requirements for a conscientious objection to providing a particular licensed activity governed by the Act.

The centre's procedures are compliant with requirements to ensure that prospective and current patients and donors are treated fairly and that all licensed activities are conducted in a non discriminatory way.

Counselling (Guidance note 3)

The centre's counselling procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements. This is important to ensure that counselling support is offered to patients and donors providing relevant consent and prior to consenting to legal parenthood.

Egg sharing arrangements (Guidance note 12; General Direction 0001)

The centre's procedures for egg sharing arrangements are compliant with HFEA requirements. This is important to ensure that:

- care is taken when selecting egg providers donating for benefits in kind
- egg providers are fully assessed and medically suitable, and

- the benefit offered is the most suitable for the egg provider and recipient(s) (where relevant).

Surrogacy (Guidance note 14)
The centre does not currently provide treatments regarding surrogacy so this was not an area of practice reviewed during this inspection.

Complaints (Guidance note 28)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements to seek patient feedback and to be responsive to patient complaints. This is important to ensure that the centre uses patient feedback and any complaints as an opportunity to learn and improve their services.

Confidentiality and privacy (Guidance note 30)
The centre's procedures are compliant with HFEA requirements to ensure it has respect for the privacy, confidentiality, dignity, comfort and wellbeing of prospective and current patients and donors.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Information

What the centre does well

Information (Guidance note 4; Chair's Letter CH(11)02)
The centre's procedures for providing information to patients and / or donors are compliant with HFEA requirements. This ensures that the centre gives prospective and current patients and donors sufficient, accessible and up-to-date information to enable them to make informed decisions.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Consent and Disclosure of information, held on the HFEA Register, for use in research

What the centre does well

Consent (Guidance note 5;6)
The centre's procedures for obtaining consent are compliant with HFEA requirements. This ensures that patients and donors have provided all relevant consents before carrying out any licensed activity.

Legal parenthood (Guidance note 6)
Where a couple to be treated with donated gametes or embryos is not married or in a civil partnership, both the woman and her partner must give written consent in order for the partner to become the legal parent of any child born. If this consent is not documented properly or if proper information is not provided or counselling offered prior to both parties giving consent, there may be doubt about its effectiveness and, in some cases, it may be

necessary for a patient couple to obtain a court declaration to establish legal parenthood.

In February 2014, the HFEA asked all centres to audit their practices in this area to ensure they are suitable, to report the findings of the audit to the HFEA and to respond to those findings. The centre sent the report of the audit to the HFEA within the required timeframe. The audit showed that no couples were affected by legal parenthood consent anomalies. At the interim inspection in September 2015, we reviewed the centre's audit and found that it had been performed according to the method specified by the HFEA.

As part of the HFEA's ongoing activities relating to legal parenthood, in October 2015 all PRs were asked to confirm that specific actions had been undertaken; that there are effective methods for assessing the on-going competence of staff to take this consent; and that effective audit procedures are in place to ensure on-going compliance with consent taking requirements. The PR responded to this communication and provided the required reassurances to the satisfaction of the Executive.

To provide assurance of the continued compliance and effectiveness of the centre's legal parenthood consenting procedures, the inspection team discussed these procedures with staff and reviewed the results of recent legal parenthood consenting audits. Five sets of records where treatment with donor sperm had recently been provided in circumstances where consent to legal parenthood was required were also audited by the inspection team. These activities enabled the inspection team to conclude that the processes used to collect legal parenthood consent at this centre are compliant with HFEA requirements.

Disclosure of information, held on the HFEA Register, for use in research (General Direction 0005)
The centre's procedures for taking consent to disclosure to researchers are broadly compliant with HFEA requirements.

This is important to ensure that the HFEA holds an accurate record of patients' consents, so that it only releases patient identifying information, to researchers, with patient consent. Information can be used by researchers to improve the knowledge about the health of patients undergoing ART and those born following ART treatment.

What the centre could do better

Disclosure of information, held on the HFEA Register, for use in research (General Direction 0005)
Two discrepancies were found between completed patient/partner disclosure consents in patient files and the related consent data submitted for inclusion on the HFEA register. These two patients had consented to contact and non contact research on their consent forms however the HFEA register recorded consent for non contact research but not for contact research in both cases. Therefore the centre's procedures have failed to ensure that the HFEA holds an accurate record of consent to disclosure.

The inspection team notes that these discrepancies do not pose a risk that the HFEA may inadvertently release patient identifying information to researchers without their consent but it does not actively reflect the consent givers wishes (Recommendation 1; CH(10)05 and General Direction 0005)

3. The protection of gametes and embryos

Respect for the special status of the embryo

What the centre does well

The centre's procedures are compliant with the requirements of the HF&E Act 1990 (as amended) and ensure that the special status of the embryo is respected when licensed activities are conducted at the centre because:

- licensed activities only take place on licensed premises;
- only permitted embryos are used in the provision of treatment services;
- embryos are not selected for use in treatment for social reasons;
- embryos are not created by embryo splitting;
- embryos are only created where there is a specific reason to do so which is in connection with the provision of treatment services for a particular woman and
- embryos are only stored if those embryos were created for a woman receiving treatment services or from whom a third party agreement applies.

What the centre could do better

Nothing identified at this inspection.

Screening of patients
Storage of gametes and embryos

What the centre does well

Screening of patients (Guidance note 17)

The centre's procedures for screening patients are compliant with HFEA requirements. It is important that gamete providers are appropriately screened to minimise the risks of cross infection during treatment, processing and storage of gametes and/or embryos.

Storage of gametes and embryos (Guidance note 17)

The centre's procedures for storing gametes and embryos are compliant with HFEA requirements. These measures ensure that the gametes and embryos are stored appropriately to maintain their quality and safety. Furthermore, the centre only stores gametes and embryos in accordance with the consent of the gamete providers. The storage of gametes and embryos is an important service offered by fertility clinics, as it can enable patients to preserve their fertility prior to undergoing other medical treatment such as radiotherapy. The storage of embryos not required for immediate use also means that women can undergo further fertility treatment without further invasive procedures being performed.

What the centre could do better

Nothing identified at this inspection.

Use of embryos for training staff (Guidance note 22)
What the centre does well **Use of embryos for training staff (Guidance note 22)** The centre's procedures for using embryos for training staff are compliant with HFEA requirements. Embryos are only used for the purpose of training staff in those activities expressly authorised by the Authority.
What the centre could do better Nothing identified at this inspection.

4. Information management

Record keeping
Obligations and reporting requirements

What the centre does well

Record keeping and document control (Guidance note 31)
The centre's procedures for keeping records are compliant with HFEA requirements to ensure that accurate medical records are maintained. Good medical records are essential for the continuity of the patient's care.

Obligations and reporting requirements (Guidance note 32; General Direction 0005)
The centre's procedures for submitting information, about licensed activities to the Authority are compliant with HFEA requirements. This is important to ensure the HFEA can supply accurate information to a donor-conceived person and their parents or donors.

The HFEA register audit team found a small number of minor errors were identified in the sample of register data submissions reviewed at inspection. All are characteristic of simple input error and are not indicative of systematic error or omission. Centre staff have been advised of these errors so that they can be corrected.

What the centre could do better
Nothing identified at this inspection.

Section 3: Monitoring of the centre's performance

Following the interim inspection in 2015, recommendations for improvement were made in relation to one area of major non compliance and two 'other' areas of non compliance.

The PR provided information and evidence that all of the recommendations were fully implemented within the prescribed timescales.

On-going monitoring of centre success rates

Since the last inspection in 2015, the centre has not received any HFEA risk tool alerts in relation to their success rates.

Areas of practice requiring action

The section sets out matters which the Inspection Team considers may constitute areas of non compliance. These have been classified into critical, major and others. Each area of non compliance is referenced to the relevant sections of the Acts, Regulations, Standard Licence Conditions, General Directions or the Code of Practice, and the recommended improvement actions required are given, as well as the timescales in which these improvements should be carried out.

Critical area of non compliance

A critical area of non compliance is an area of practice which poses a significant risk of causing harm to a patient, donor, embryo or to a child who may be born as a result of treatment services, or a significant shortcoming from the statutory requirements. A critical area of non compliance requires immediate action to be taken by the Person Responsible.

Area of practice and reference	Action required and timescale for action	PR Response	Executive Review
None identified			

Major area of non compliance

A major area of non compliance is a non critical area of non compliance:

- which poses an indirect risk to the safety of a patient, donor, embryo or to a child who may be born as a result of treatment services
- which indicates a major shortcoming from the statutory requirements;
- which indicates a failure of the Person Responsible to carry out his/her legal duties
- a combination of several 'other' areas of non compliance, none of which on their own may be major but which together may represent a major area of non compliance.

Area of practice and reference	Action required and timescale for action	PR Response	Executive Review
Non identified			

Other areas of practice that requires improvement

Areas of practice that requires improvement is any area of practice, which cannot be classified as either a critical or major area of non compliance, but which indicates a departure from statutory requirements or good practice.

Area of practice and reference	Action required and timescale for action	PR Response	Executive Review
1. Disclosure of information Two discrepancies were found between completed patient/partner disclosure consents in patient files and the related consent data submitted for inclusion on the HFEA register. The centre's procedures have failed to ensure that the HFEA holds an accurate record of consents to disclosure. CH(10)05 and General Direction 0005.	The PR should review procedures and take appropriate corrective actions to ensure that the disclosure consent information supplied to the Authority accurately reflects that given and recorded on disclosure consent forms. A report of the investigation should be provided to the centre's inspector by 11 January 2018. The PR should also correct the submissions that have been identified as being incorrect by the time of responding to this report. The PR should conduct an audit three months after implementing any corrective actions, to confirm that the actions have had the desired effect. A summary of the audit should be provided to the Authority by 11 April 2018.	The discrepancy on one patient file has been updated to show consent was given and amended EDI registration forms have been sent. We will continue to audit CD consent data submissions as requested and as part of our continuous audit programme. The second discrepancy stated could not be located on review of the file identified so the CD data entry was correct. I believe this will be amended on your records.	The Executive are satisfied that the PR has taken the recommended action. No further action is required.

Reponses from the Person Responsible to this inspection report
We always strife to do better nevertheless we feel very proud that in almost all areas When you asked “What the centre could do better” your comments were ”Nothing identified at this inspection”. **We will continue to do our very best to serve our patients and to remain compliant with all regulations**